

All about insurance and water damage





Water damage: Tops the list of home insurance claims

Water damage now accounts for nearly half of the amounts paid for home insurance claims in Quebec, well ahead of damage caused by fire and theft. Each year, the Canadian insurance industry pays out over one billion dollars in claims to victims of water damage.

Water damage can result in high repair bills for home owners. It can also cause permanent damage to carpeting, floors, furniture and electronic equipment, as well as destroy priceless family photos and valuables.

Homeowners can get insurance to cover such damage and avoid the unforgiving financial cost of such a disaster. There are also a number of steps they can take to reduce the risks of water damage and, at the same time, protect their belongings and their homes.



Insurance coverage

Your home insurance protects you against water damage, but not in all cases. It all depends on the coverage you chose when you purchased your policy (endorsements added) and the cause of the disaster.

Basic coverage

Home insurance policies cover damage caused by water main breaks (aqueducs) and damage caused by overflowing indoor sanitary installations (i.e., washing machine that overflows, leaking hot water tank or broken water main).

Optional coverage (endorsements) exists to cover risks such as sewer back-up, water seepage and flooding.

Note that gradual and repeated water damage is never covered.





You can choose to purchase the following optional coverage to insure against certain kinds of water damage. Talk to your insurer.

Water Damage - Ground Water and Sewers Coverage:

- Sudden and accidental seepage of underground or surface water.
- Sudden and accidental discharge, backing up or overflow from sewer connections.

Water Damage – Above Ground Water Coverage:

- Sudden and accidental leaking of rain or snow.
- Sudden and accidental discharge, backing up or overflow of rain water gutters, eaves troughs or downspouts.

Water Damage – Ground Water, Sewers and Overflow of a Body of Water Coverage:

• the same risks as the Water Damage - Ground Water and Sewers Coverage, in addition to coverage for damage caused by the overflow of a body of water.



Loss	Examples
Damage caused by a sanitary installation	The hose on your dishwasher broke, while it was running. Covered Your bathtub overflowed. Covered
Damage caused by a city water main break	The city water main which supplies your home breaks and the water floods your basement, which you've just renovated. Covered
Damage caused by water seepage	 A violent thunderstorm hits and water leaks through your roof and ends up in your living room. Covered if you added the endorsement Water Damage – Above Ground Water Coverage to your home insurance policy. With spring and the melting snow, water seeped through your home's foundation walls. Covered if you added the endorsement Water Damage – Ground Water and Sewers Coverage to your home insurance policy.
Damage caused by sewer back-up	Heavy rains fall on your neighbourhood and the sewers can't handle the large quantity of water that hits the ground, with the result that the sewers back up into your basement. Covered if you added the endorsement Water Damage – Ground Water and Sewers Coverage to your home insurance policy.
Damage caused by flooding when a body of water overflows (i.e., spring flooding)	An ice jam raises the level of the river which your home overlooks. The water rises on to your land and floods your basement. Covered If you added the endorsement Water Damage - Ground Water, Sewers and Overflow of a Body of Water.
Damage caused by mildew, condensation, rot, mold and gradual deterioration.	Your roof has reached the end of its useful life and you delayed replacing it. Water seeps in causing mildew and mold on the ceiling and walls inside the home. Not covered

For damages covered, your insurer will compensate you according to the coverage chosen under your policy. He'll also take into account the maximum mount (limit) for reimbursement of certain categories of items.

Prevention tips



Roof

- Check the condition of your roof regularly.
- Have it inspected by a professional if it's more than 20 years old.

Drains, eaves troughs and downspouts

- Make sure downspout extensions are directed at least 1.8 metres away from your home's foundation walls. And make sure the water doesn't flow towards your neighbour's home. Downspout extensions should be directed away from your house towards the road, back yard or back lane.
- Make sure they're not clogged; for example, clear dead leaves from eaves troughs in the fall.

Door and window caulking

• Once a year, check the caulking.

Basement window wells

• Inspect them to make sure no water has accumulated.

Outside faucets

• In the fall, turn off the water supply and drain garden hoses.

Fondation walls

• Once a year, check foundation walls for cracks and seal any immediately.

Inside the house

Water entry point

• Make sure everyone who lives in the house knows where the water entry point is located.

Washing machine and dishwasher

- Don't leave the house when they are on.
- Check the condition of the water hoses.

Hot water tank

• Consider replacing it after 10 years; otherwise, inspect it regularly.

Winter

• Heat well to prevent pipes from freezing and bursting.

Sump pump

• Have it checked by a plumber to make sure it's working well.

Mainline backflow valve

- Mechanism that prevents water overflow from a municipal sewer from backing up into the basement of your home. The backwater valve closes automatically when sewers back up.
- Have it checked by a plumber to make sure it's working well.

In-pipe check valve

 Mechanism that prevents waste water from backing up into your basement. However, it won't prevent waste water from backing up into basement sinks, toilets, showers and laundry tubs.

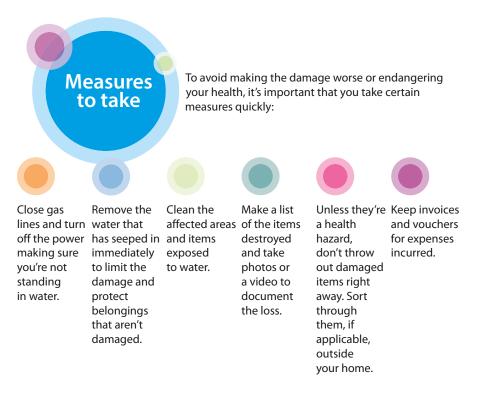
If you're away from home for several days during the winter

- Turn off the water and drain the pipes OR
- Ask someone to keep an eye on your home every day if you're away for more than seven days, to make sure your heating system is working.

If you don't, damage caused by pipes freezing is not covered.

What to do following a loss

Call your insurer as soon as possible if you've suffered water damage. He'll ask you to describe the exact circumstances of the loss in order to establish whether your policy covers the damage. Depending on the type and extent of the insured damage, he'll tell you what to do.





* These stages may vary from disaster to disaster or from insurer to insurer; they're provided for information purposes only.

Questions?

Agents from the Insurance information Centre are available to answer your general insurance questions.

Insurance Information Centre From Montreal: 514 288-4321 Elsewhere in Quebec: 1 877 288-4321

You will also find relevant information on the website **Infoinsurance.ca**





About Insurance Bureau of Canada (IBC)

Insurance Bureau of Canada, which groups the majority Canada's P&C insurers, offers variousservices to consumers in order to inform and assist them when purchasing car or home insurance, or making a claim.

Ce document est disponible en français sur demande.